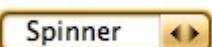
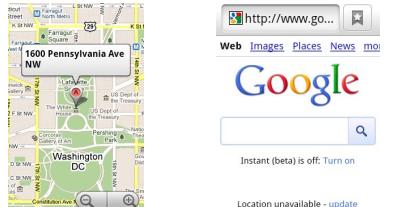


# GUI Widgets

# Recall: Android widgets

 Analog/DigitalClock	 Button	 Checkbox	 DatePicker
 EditText	 Gallery	 ImageView/Button	 ProgressBar
 RadioButton	 Spinner	 Plain Serif <b>Bold</b> <b><i>Bold &amp; Italic</i></b>	 MapView, WebView

# Button ([link](#))

A *clickable widget with a text label*



- key attributes:

<code>android:clickable="bool"</code>	set to false to disable the button
<code>android:id="@+id/theID"</code>	unique ID for use in Java code
<code>android:onClick="function"</code>	function to call in activity when clicked (must be public, void, and take a View arg)
<code>android:text="text"</code>	text to put in the button

- represented by `Button` class in Java code

```
Button b = (Button) findViewById(R.id.theID);
```

...

# ImageButton

A *clickable widget with an image label*



- key attributes:

<code>android:clickable="bool"</code>	set to false to disable the button
<code>android:id="@+id/theID"</code>	unique ID for use in Java code
<code>android:onClick="function"</code>	function to call in activity when clicked (must be public, void, and take a View arg)
<code>android:src="@drawable/img"</code>	image to put in the button (must correspond to an image resource)

- to set up an image resource:
  - put image file in project folder **app/src/main/res/drawable**
  - use `@drawable/foo` to refer to `foo.png`
    - use simple file names with only letters and numbers

# ImageView

*Displays an image without being clickable*



- key attributes:

<code>android:id="@+id/theID"</code>	unique ID for use in Java code
<code>android:src="@drawable/img"</code>	image to put in the screen (must correspond to an image resource)

- to change the visible image, in Java code:
  - get the ImageView using `findViewById`
  - call its `setImageResource` method and pass `R.drawable.filename`

# EditText ([link](#))

An *editable text input box*

EditText 1

(206)555-1212

.....

- key attributes:

<code>android:hint="text"</code>	gray text to show before user starts to type
<code>android:id="@+id/theID"</code>	unique ID for use in Java code
<code>android:inputType="type"</code>	what kind of input is being typed; number, phone, date, time, . . .
<code>android:lines="int"</code>	number of visible lines (rows) of input
<code>android:maxLines="int"</code>	max lines to allow user to type in the box
<code>android:text="text"</code>	initial text to put in box (default empty)
<code>android:textSize="size"</code>	size of font to use (e.g. "20dp")

- others: capitalize, digits, fontFamily, letterSpacing, lineSpacingExtra, minLines, numeric, password, phoneNumber, singleLine, textAllCaps, textColor, typeface

# CheckBox ([link](#))

*An individual toggleable on/off switch*



- key attributes:

<code>android:checked="bool"</code>	set to true to make it initially checked
<code>android:clickable="bool"</code>	set to false to disable the checkbox
<code>android:id="@+id/theID"</code>	unique ID for use in Java code
<code>android:onClick="function"</code>	function to call in activity when clicked (must be public, void, and take a View arg)
<code>android:text="text"</code>	text to put next to the checkbox

- In Java code:

```
CheckBox cb = (CheckBox) findViewById(R.id.theID);
cb.toggle();
cb.setChecked(true);
cb.performClick();
```

# RadioButton ([link](#))

*A toggleable on/off switch; part of a group*

- Plain
- Serif
- Bold
- Bold & Italic**

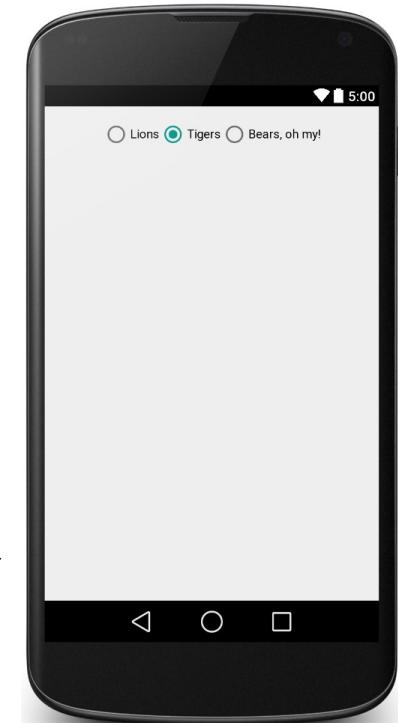
- key attributes:

<code>android:checked="bool"</code>	set to true to make it initially checked
<code>android:clickable="bool"</code>	set to false to disable the button
<code>android:id="@+id/theID"</code>	unique ID for use in Java code
<code>android:onClick="function"</code>	function to call in activity when clicked (must be public, void, and take a View arg)
<code>android:text="text"</code>	text to put next to the button

- need to be nested inside a RadioGroup tag in XML  
so that only one can be selected at a time

# RadioGroup example

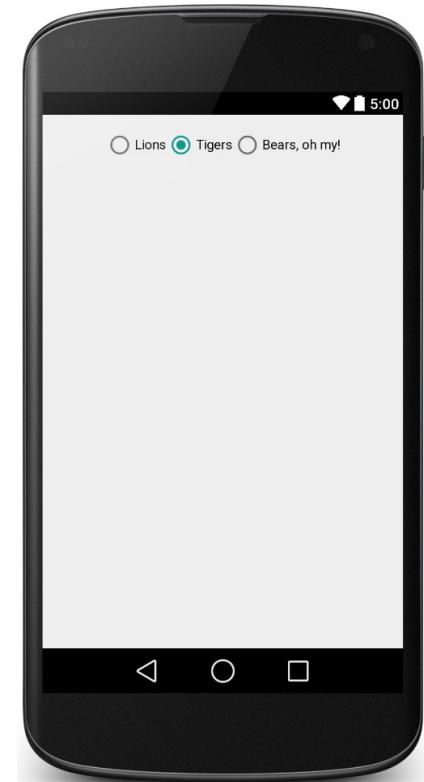
```
<LinearLayout ...  
    android:orientation="vertical"  
    android:gravity="center|top">  
<RadioGroup ...  
    android:orientation="horizontal">  
    <RadioButton ... android:id="@+id/lions"  
        android:text="Lions"  
        android:onClick="radioClick" />  
    <RadioButton ... android:id="@+id/tigers"  
        android:text="Tigers"  
        android:checked="true"  
        android:onClick="radioClick" />  
    <RadioButton ... android:id="@+id/bears"  
        android:text="Bears, oh my!"  
        android:onClick="radioClick" />  
</RadioGroup>  
</LinearLayout>
```



# Reusing onClick handler

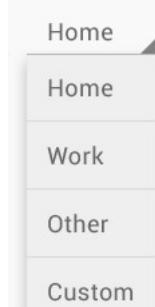
```
// in MainActivity.java
public class MainActivity extends Activity {

    public void radioClick(View view) {
        // check which radio button was clicked
        if (view.getId() == R.id.lions) {
            // ...
        } else if (view.getId() == R.id.tigers) {
            // ...
        } else {
            // bears ...
        }
    }
}
```



# Spinner ([link](#))

*A drop-down menu of selectable choices*



- key attributes:

<code>android:clickable="bool"</code>	set to false to disable the spinner
<code>android:id="@+id/theID"</code>	unique ID for use in Java code
<code>android:entries="@array/array"</code>	set of options to appear in spinner (must match an array in <code>strings.xml</code> )
<code>android:prompt="@string/text"</code>	title text when dialog of choices pops up

- also need to handle events in Java code (see later)
  - must get the Spinner object using `findViewById`
  - then call its `setOnItemSelectedListener` method (see example)

# String resources

- Declare constant strings and arrays in res/values/**strings.xml**:

```
<resources>
    <string name="name">value</string>
    <string name="name">value</string>

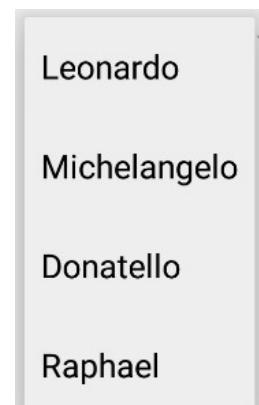
    <string-array name="arrayname">
        <item>value</item>
        <item>value</item>
        <item>value</item>    <!-- must escape ' as \' in values -->
        ...
        <item>value</item>
    </string-array>
</resources>
```

- Refer to them in Java code:

- as a resource: R.string.*name*, R.array.*name*
- as a string or array: getResources().getString(R.string.*name*),  
getResources().getStringArray(R.array.*name*)

# Spinner example

```
<LinearLayout ...>
    <Spinner ... android:id="@+id/tmnt"
        android:entries="@array/turtles"
        android:prompt="@string/choose_turtle" />
    <TextView ... android:id="@+id/result" />
</LinearLayout>
```



- in res/values/strings.xml:

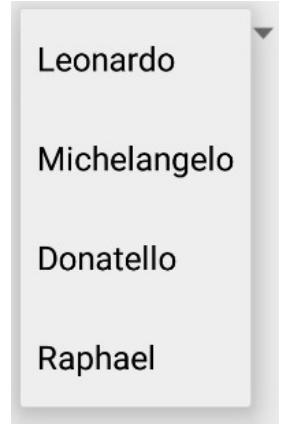
```
<resources>
    <string name="choose_turtle">Choose a turtle:</string>
    <string-array name="turtles">
        <item>Leonardo</item>
        <item>Michelangelo</item>
        <item>Donatello</item>
        <item>Raphael</item>
    </string-array>
</resources>
```

# Spinner event example

```
// in MainActivity.java
public class MainActivity extends Activity {
    ...
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);

        Spinner spin = (Spinner) findViewById(R.id.tmnt);
        spin.setOnItemSelectedListener(new AdapterView.OnItemSelectedListener() {
            public void onItemSelected(AdapterView<?> spin, View v, int i, long id) {
                TextView result = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.turtle_result);
                result.setText("You chose " + spin.getSelectedItem());
            }

            public void onNothingSelected(AdapterView<?> parent) {} // empty
        });
    }
}
```



A screenshot of a mobile application interface showing a spinner menu. The spinner is located on the right side of the screen, displaying four items: Leonardo, Michelangelo, Donatello, and Raphael. Each item is a separate grey rectangular card with a black border. The text inside each card is aligned to the left. A small downward-pointing arrow is visible at the bottom right corner of the spinner's container.

# TMNT app exercise

- Write an app to select TMNT characters from a spinner.
  - When a character is selected, an image about that character and other information is presented to the user.
  - Assume that relevant image files are already available for each character.



# ScrollView

*A container with scrollbars around another widget or container*

```
<LinearLayout ...>
```

```
...
```

```
<ScrollView
```

```
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
```

```
    android:layout_height="wrap_content">
```

```
        <TextView ... android:id="@+id/turtle_info" />
```

```
</ScrollView>
```

```
</LinearLayout>
```

MICHELANGELO, MIKE OR MURKEY (AS HE IS USUALLY CALLED), is a fictional character and one of the four protagonists of the Teenage Mutant Ninja Turtles comics and all related media. His mask is typically portrayed as orange outside of the Mirage/Image Comics and his weapons are dual nunchucks, though he has also been portrayed using other weapons, such as a grappling hook, manriki-gusari.

# List ([link](#))

*A visible menu of selectable choices*

- lists are more complicated,  
so we'll cover them later ...

Android

iPhone

WindowsMobile

Blackberry

WebOS

Ubuntu

Windows7

Max OS X